## Engineering Physics

| Course <br> Code | $19 B S 1104$ | Year | I | Semester | I |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course <br> Category | Basic <br> Sciences | Branch | IT | Course Type | Theory |
| Credits | 3 | L-T-P | $3-0-0$ | Prerequisites | Nil |
| Continuous <br> Internal <br> Evaluation: | 30 | Semester <br> End <br> Evaluation: | 70 | Total <br> Marks: | 100 |


| Course Outcomes |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to |  |  |
| CO1 | Apply the fundamental laws of electricity and magnetism to currents and propagation <br> of EM waves. |  |
| $\mathbf{C O 2}$ | Identify the propagation of light and demonstrate the loss mechanisms in optical <br> fibers. |  |
| $\mathbf{C O 3}$ | Explain the principles of physics in dielectrics, magnetic materials and identify the <br> mechanisms of polarization for useful engineering applications. |  |
| $\mathbf{C O 4}$ | Classify solids and calculate carrier concentration and conductivity in <br> semiconductors. |  |
| $\mathbf{C O 5}$ | Demonstrate the functioning of solar cell, photodiode, and semiconductors devices <br> for engineering applications. |  |


| Contribution of Course Outcomes towards achievement of Program Outcomes \& Strength of correlations (H:High, M: Medium, L:Low) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | P05 | PO6 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 | P011 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 |
| C01 | H | H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO2 | H | H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C03 | H | H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L |  |
| CO4 | H | H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C05 | H | H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L |  |


| Syllabus |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Uni <br> $\mathbf{t}$ <br> No. | Contents | Mappe <br> d CO |
| I | Basics of Electromagnetics <br> Electrostatic field: Coulombs law and Gauss law, derivation of Coulombs <br> law from Gauss law, applications of Gauss law (line charge, thin sheet of <br> charge and solid charged sphere), Gauss law of electrostatics in dielectric <br> medium, divergence and curl of electric fields, electric potential, relation <br> between potential and force, Poisson's and Laplace equations. <br> Magneto static field: Biot-Savart law, divergence and curl of magnetic <br> fields, Faraday's and Ampere's laws in integral and differential form, <br> displacement current, continuity equation, Maxwell's equations | CO1 |
| II | Fiber Opptics <br> Introduction, advantages of optical fibers, principle and structure, <br> acceptance angle, numerical aperture, modes of propagation, classification <br> of fibers, fiber optic communication, importance of V- number, fiber optic | CO2 |


|  | sensors (Temperature, displacement and force), applications. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| III | Dielectric and Magnetic materials <br> Dielectric materials: Introduction, electric polarization, dielectric <br> polarizability, susceptibility and dielectric constant, types of polarizations <br> (qualitative treatment only), frequency dependence of polarization, Lorentz <br> (internal) field (quantitative), Clausius-Mossotti equation. <br> Magnetic materials: Introduction, magnetic dipole moment, magnetization, <br> magnetic susceptibility and permeability, origin of permanent magnetic <br> moment, classification of magnetic materials, Weiss theory of <br> ferromagnetism (qualitative), domain theory, hysteresis, soft and hard <br> magnetic materials. | CO3 |
| IV | Semiconductor physics <br> Introduction, origin of energy band, intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, <br> mechanism of conduction in intrinsic semiconductors, generation and <br> recombination, carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors, variation <br> of intrinsic carrier concentration with temperature, n-type and p-type <br> semiconductors, carrier concentration in n type and p type semiconductors. | CO4 |
| V | Semiconductor devices <br> Drift and diffusion currents in semiconductors, Hall effect and its <br> applications, magnetoresistance, p-n junction layer formation and V-I <br> characteristics, direct and indirect band gap semiconductors, construction <br> and working of photodiode, LED, solar cell | CO5 |


| Learning Resources |
| :--- |
| Text Books |
| 1. Engineering Physics, R.K.Gaur\& S.L.Gupta, Dhanpatrai Publications. |
| 2. Solid State Physics, S.O.Pillai, New Age International. |
| Reference Books |
| 1. A Text Book Of Engineering Physics, M.N.Avadhanulu \& P.G.Kshrisagar, S.Chand |
| Publications |
| 2. Semiconductor Devices \& Physics, S.M.Sze,Wiley,2008. |
| 3. Applied Physics, P.K. Palanai Swamy, Scitech Publications. |
| 4. Engineering Physics, Dr.M.Arumugam, Anuradha Publications. |
| 5. Introduction To Electrodynamics, David.J.Griffths, Pearson Education. |
| e- Resources \& other digital material |
| http://physicsforidiots.com/physics/electromagnetism/ |
| https://www.arcelect.com/fibercable.htm |
| http://freevideolectures.com/Course/3048/Physics-of-Materials/36 |
| https://www.iitk.ac.in/mse/electronic-materials-and-devices |
| https://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-3-319-48933-9_35 |

